

ISSN 2348-8301

NEW ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND GENOLOGICAL SOIETY KANPUR
A REGISTERED NON PROFIT ORGANISATIONERS
REGISTRATION NO. 346-2009-201 UNDER SOCIETIES ACT 21, 1860

KANPUR PHILOSOPHERS

An internationally peer reviewed and Refereed journal
of Humanities & Social Sciences, Law, Modernity,
Gender Studies and allied disciplines

Volume 09, Issue 01, No.07, 2022

**KANPUR
PHILOSOPHERS**

Chief Editor Atul Kumar Shukla

ISSN 2348 – 8301

Kanpur Philosophers

Volume IX, Issue I, No.7, 2022

DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.2.13995.98084

**An internationally Peer Reviewed and Refereed Journal of
History, Archaeology, Indology, Epigraphy, Numismatics, Law,
Literature & allied disciplines of Arts, Humanities and Social
Sciences**

**NEW ARCHAEOLOGICAL & GENOLOGICAL SOCIETY 125/L/89,
FF104, GOVIND NAGAR, KANPUR U.P. INDIA 208006
<https://sites.google.com/site/kanpurhistorian/>**

© Secretary, N.A.A.G.S. Kanpur India

Opinions expressed by the authors in the journal are not those of
N.A.A.G.S.

Secretary
New Archaeological & Genological Society
125/L/89, FF 104, Govind Nagar
Kanpur U.P. India -208006



AN INVESTIGATION ON THE OCCUPATIONAL MOBILITY AMONG THE FISHERFOLKS IN THRISSUR DISTRICT, KERALA, INDIA

Dhanya Kandarattil Department of Economics, M.E.S Asmabi College, P.Vemballur, Kodungallur, Trichur Dt, Kerala, 680671, India
Deepthi Madhu Intelligence Research Institute, San Diego, California, 92123, United States of America : dhanyakmes@gmail.com

Abstract

Fisheries sector has gained extensive importance across the globe due to its income and employment generation. Even though Kerala is one among the states which exhibits highest literacy rate, the fisher folks in Kerala still lag behind occupying themselves without most modern technologies and skill upgradation available in their area of fishing. The reluctance towards engaging in fishing is common among youth in fishing community. The present investigation roots on identifying the extend of occupational mobility among the fisher folks in Kerala. The relation between educational attainment and occupational diversification among fisher folks is also studied. The study is conducted among the fisher folks of Azhikode area in Thrissur District with a sample size of 100 individual respondents. In addition garret ranking is used to determine the most influencing factors among the fisher folks that leads to occupational mobility. The investigation have demonstrated that successful diversification programmes and policy interventions are to be based on an understanding of who fishers are, what their livelihoods are, and what influences them.

INTRODUCTION

'Fishing' refers to the landing of all types of marine and fresh water 'Fauna'. India is one of the important fishing nations of the world. People in India mainly depend on agriculture for their livelihood and later fishing plays a prominent role. India has a coastal line of 8,129 km which permit us to access the 7.5 million hectares of fresh water bodies and 1.4 million brackish water bodies such as estuarine, backwater and mangrove water ways to meet the fishing requirements of the country. Kerala is situated on the southwest coast of the Indian subcontinent with an area of about 38,863 square kilometers which makes about 1.27% of the Indian Territory. Kerala has a coastline of 589.5 kilometers, which forms 10% of India's total coastline and this has facilitated trade with other countries since a very long time. The density of population is very high all along the coastline as compared to the midlands and high lands. Fisher folk form an important segment of the population of the state. Kerala has the eighth position with regard to the population of fisherfolk among the fourteen coastal states. The total populace of fisherfolk residing in the state of Kerala is estimated to be 11.114 lakh, which includes 8.55 lakh in the marine sector and 2.55 lakh in the inland sector. Out of this the number of active fishermen is 2.28 lakh.

Like any other socially and economically down trodden sections of Kerala's population, fishing groups were also characterized by poverty, low educational attainment, and minimum material possessions including the living space. In order to bring them to the mainstream of Kerala society,

PDF Created Using



Camera Scanner

Easily Scan documents & Generate PDF



<https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=photo.pdf.maker>